Americans are Longwy and Briev.

The occupation of the territory which is being steadily evacuated by the Germans, according to the terms of the armielce, will not be carelessly hastened.

BY AMERICAN NATION

British Board Pays Tribute to Its U-Boat Campaign. It will be some days before German soil is reached, but in less time the duchy of Luxemburg will be penetrated, perhaps

even to its capital. Great quantities of civilian property are being carried away by the retiring Germans, according to Lieut. M. K. Lockwood and Lieut. D. C. Bebe of the Fiftieth Aero Squadron, who returned to the American front to-day after being prisoners in the hands of the Ger-mans for ten days. The aviators were shot down November 4 in the region of Tannay, east of Rethel, and were re

leased by the Germans on Thursday.
Walking toward the American lines
Lifetts. Lockwood and Bebe passed great numbers of motor trucks and occasiona guns and calssons abandoned here and there in the mud, but in every instance the value of the truck or gun appeared to have been destroyed deliberately. The eviators said the Germans were taking herds of cattle, crates of chickens and wagons loaded with household articles. During the first few days the Germans billeted the aviators in Sedan, later re-moving them further back. The Lieu-tenants said their guards had their at-which was most impressive, was wittenants said their guards had their attention centred on the uprieing in Germany and fretted because of the meagreness of news from Berlin. Two days after their capture the aviators, said they heard soldiers "boo" their officers, and the guards repeatedly spoke disparagingly of the Kalser.

The German soldiers heard little pews from Berlin and other cities as the wires that they have some electrons and the guards repeatedly spoke disparagingly of the Kalser.

The German soldiers heard little pews the secretary of War, which was most impressive, was withnessed by the members of the missions. Admiral Benson, representing the may, and William G. Sharp, the American Ambassador, also were present. Gen. Bliss in presenting the media read the control of the members of the missions.

from Berlin and other cities as the gives The President directs you to say to had been tampered with by some element desiring to keep news of develoption to the commander of our armies in the ments from the army at the front. ments from the army at the front.

The aviators had plenty to eat, but the food was of poor quality. Released services army with them were a number of Americans.

WHERE ARMIES STOOD AT END OF FIGHTING

Americans Were Well Established East of Meuse. By the Associated Press.

Washington, Nov. 16.—In his closing military review of the wer, Gen. March said to-day the front held by the American First and Second armies when hos-tilities ceased was fifty-two miles in

"The performance of the American Army," he added, "at the conclusion of the armistice had reached the highest point of military excellence. They are point of military excellence. They are

gen. March gave the following offi cial line upon which the fighting ended

"At the beginning of the armistice the final line on the Belgian, British and French fronts was approximately as follows: Along the west bank of the Scheidt from the Dutch frontier to Ecke. thence to the Dendre River at Gram mont, along the west bank of the Dendee River to Ath, thence to a point four miles east of More, thence one to three miles east of the Belgian border to the vicinity of Rocrol, through Rocrol to Mexieres, along the Meuse to Sedan The American front can be given ex-

The front of the First Army bebank of the Meuse to a point one mile southeast of Mouzon, crossed there to the east bank, cut the bend to Inor, and followed the east bank to Stenay. Thence tran through Baalon, the northern and castern outskirts of the Forest de Woevre, Remoirville, one mile northeast of Jametz, eastern edge of the Bois de Jametz, eastern edge of the Bols de Jametz, Damvillers, one mile northeast of Chaumont-devant-Davillers, then through Villers, Bols Herbebots, west of Ortes, one half mile west of Diagnost Children Company of the Children Childr Ornes, one half mile west of Dieppe,
Abadcourt, west of Grimaucourt, three
quarters of a mile northeast of Roavaux,
one mile east of Manheulles, to Chateau

G'Aulnois

and ran through Rivaile, Marcheville St. Hilaire, Butgheville, one and one-half miles south of Jonville, across the northern end of Lachaussee Lake, south this irksome purpose and there is no of Dampviloux, south of Charry, south doubt that the surrendered German war-of Rembercourt, three-quarters of a mile south of Preny, crossed the Moseile one-half mile southwest of Champey, one Plans for Disarmament. mile north of Les Menlies, the German frontier on the Sellie River, two miles east of Les Menlies, the west bank of the Seille River to a point one-half mile southeast of Port-sur-Seille, which was the end of the Second Army front"

COALITION CABINET FORMED IN GERMANY Liberals as Well as Socialists

Get Offices.

There have been no previous advices from Berlin mentioning a Council of National Plenipotentiaries.

Dr. Solf has been German Foreign Secretary since the retirement of Secpetary since the retirement of Secpetary von Kuehlmann. Dr. Schiffer is
a leader of the National Liberal party
and formerly was Under Secretary of
the Imperial Finance Ministry. Dr.
Mueller is a Social Democrat and formerly was Under Secretary of the War
Bureau. Gen. Scheuch has been Prussian Minister of War.
Emanuel Wurm is a Social Democratic
Deputy in the Reichstag. He is a chem-

Emanuel Wurm is a Social Democratic Cause of Deputy in the Reichstag. He is a chemist and a writer and was born in Bavaria. Dr. Bauer is a Socialist member of the Reichstag and was appointed Secretary of State for the Imperial Labor Office on last October 8.

Vice-Admiral Mann was appointed Secretary of the Navy early in October. Previously he had been head of the Uboat department of the navy. Dr. Paul Krause is a National Liberal and was appointed Secretary of Justice in the Prussian Cabinet in August, 1917. He is Second Vice-President of the Prussian lower house. Dr. Ruedlin has been director of Railways and Minister of Posts rector of Railways and Minister of Posts in the Prussian Cabinet since August, 1917.

If the new German Government can

carry on its work for six or eight weeks the future of new Germany is assured, declared Frederich Ebert, the Chancellor,

declared Frederich Ebert, the Chancellor, in a speech in Berlin on Thursday.

King Ludwig III. of Bavaria has remounced his throne, according to a despatch from Munich, and has released the officers and soldiers and the personnel of the Covernment from their caths of office.

The Council of Ministers has given the freedom of the country to the former King and the members of the royal family as long as they undertake no steps which night endanger the existence of the State.

the existence of the State.

Despatches on November 8 declared that a republic had been declared in Bavaria and that the Wittelsbach dymasty had been deposed by the Diet.

Basit, Nov. 16—Prince Adolphe of Schaumbourg-Lipbe, says a despatch from Buckehers, has renounced his throne for bimself and his family. A soldiers and Workmen's Council has taken 27er the power in the princi-

Commander of U. S. Forces Receives Distinguished Service Medal From Gen. Bliss.

IMPRESSIVE SCENE

Order From Secretary of War Read at Gathering of Members of Allied Missions.

By the Associated Press WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN EAST FRM FRANCE, Nov. 18 .- The Distinguished Service Medal was conferred upon Gen. Pershing at his headquarters to-day, Gen. Tasker H. Blies represent-

field as a token of the gratitude of the American people for his distinguished services and in appreciation of the suc-cesses which our armies have achieved inder his leadership."

After reading the order Gen. Blins called to mind that when the First Division went away many doubted if it would be followed by another for at

ieast a year.
"But," he added, "you have created and organised and trained here on the soil of France an American army between two and two and a haif million men. You have created the agencies for its reception, its transportation and sup-ply. To the delight of all of us you consistently adhered to your ideal of an American army under American of-ficers and American leadership.

"I know, and I speak for the Presi-ient," said Gen. Bliss in conclusion, when I say that as to those who have fied the good God has given eternal est, so may He give to us eternal peace.

AMERICANS FEEDING RUMANIAN REFUGEES

Germans in Quitting Country Free Prisoners.

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES IN ALBACE-LORRAINE, Nov. 16.—Rumanian orisoners began reaching the American lines late yesterday. They said the Ger-mans had freed them rather than give them food or provide transportation for them. The Rumanians appeared in groups at different parts of the front, being supplied with clothing and fed by the Americana.

It is reported that the Germans all slong the line are withdrawing in large

Continued from First Page.

Powers have made it clear that their ports are likely to be unavailable for

Surface warships which are left to the Government." lermany will be concentrated in one or more of the German ports. They will be paid off and completely disarmed and will be under the supervision of a commission of surveillance appointed for the purpose by the associated Powers.

Regarding the German submarines which fied before the revolutionaries and took refuge in Swedish waters there is to doubt they will have to be surren-

Regarding the Black Sea arrangements are now being made for the sur-render of all ships in German hands. It seems now to be practically certain the decision of the Council of National
Plenipotentiaries 'the departments of
State in the new Government have been
filled as follows:

Foreign Office, Dr. W. S. Solf; Treasury, Dr. Schiffer; Economics, Dr. August Mueller; Industrial Demobilization, Dr. Koth; War Food, Emanuel
Wurm; Labor, Dr. Bauer; War, MajorGen. Scheuch; Admiralty, Vice-Admiral
Mann; Justice, Dr. Krause; Post Office,
Dr. Ruedlin.

There have been no pressure.

AMSTERDAM: Nov. 15

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 18.—The new German Government, according to a deepatch from Berlin, has telegraphed to the Secretary of the Navy to see that complete discipline is observed in the German fleet. The telegram concluded: "We will only get peace if we loyally fulfil the conditions of the armistice."

Zermatt Hotel Passes Dividend.

extending lines embracing Luxemburg and Bricy up the valley of the Moselle. PERSHING HONORED ADMIRALTY THANKS MERCANTILE NAVY

and Fishing Industry for its incom-parable services during the war, say

that without the loyal cooperation of the former with the navy and its indom-ltable courage the enemy's submarine campaign must inevitably have at-tained its object. The success achieved against the cubmarine, the Admiralty says, was also largely due to the interest taken by the owners in defensive equipment for ships.
Moreover, the convoy system, which played so important a part in frustrating the enemy's designs and in securing a safe passes for the army of the United States necessitated practising the new science of station keeping. The accuracy of this greatly depended upon the entities of admissibly and skill

the engineers adaptability and skill The board also says that abourd all ships, from the largest dreadnought to the smallest patrol boat, there were ound officers and men of the mercantile navy combining with those of the royal navy in fighting the enemy and defeating his nefarious methods of warfare. In the interest of the empire, the board's statement concludes, the close connection between the merchantmen and the royal navy must prove a last-

CABLE LINES TAKEN INTO FEDERAL HANDS

Postmaster-General Says They Will Be Used in Connection With Telegraph.

Despatches from Washington last ight announced that the cable lines beween the United States and foreign ountries have been taken over by Postmaster-General Burleson under instructions from President Wilson. The cables hereafter will be operated in connection with the telephone and telegraph companies, already under Government con-

Announcement that the cable lines had

"Why at this late day the Post Office most part.

1917, and is still censoring them, is beis done it will be the act of the Supreme
youd my comprehension. And why, also, War Council as part of its function in
the Government should saddle itself carrying out the terms and spirit of the with this added burden when on the armistices. America will not have to other hand it is trying to reduce war hear the burdens or assume the risk expenses is a mystery

"I have no doubt that Government Papid development of the new German operation will result in loss, just as Government on democratic lines as rethe Government operation of the land corded in the press despatches is viewed lines will undoubtedly result in a very with satisfaction here

a letter he wrote to the Postmaner- tive elements enough to leaven the General a few days ago requesting that whole, is taken as a quarantee against the land lines be turned back to the Bolshevik control, and it is hoped that

FRANCE TO RESUME WORK.

Measure Provides That Natives

of Deputies yesterday an important and interesting report regarding the trans-

formation of the present war factories. Measures already have been taken, the Minister said, in order to prevent idleness as far as possible and to insure work to French workmen and women before foreign laborers and prisoners get

The production of war material will cease progressively after military re-quirements and the available workers re taken into account, the Minister said,

U. S. TO PRESS DEBS CASE.

Others Also to Be Hastened Before Espionage Act Expires. WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 -The Govern

washington, Nov. 16—The Govern-ment to-day indicated its intention of pressing the prosecution of violations under the espionage act, which becomes null at the end of the war, by asking the Supreme Court to advance pending cases involving Eugene V. Debs. James A. Peterson and Jacob Frohwerk.

Special Correspondence to Tue Sux.

Bennus, Oct. 7.—The famous Hotel
Seller at Zermatt is unable to pay any dividends for the first time. War is the cause of declining receipts. The capital stock of the hotel corporation is \$,000,000 france.

Debs was accused of disloyal and so-ditious utterances in a speech at Canton, Ohio. Peterson was charged with obstructing recruiting through articles in newspapers in Minnesotta, and Fronce.



A SYMPATHY MOVE

LONDON, Nov. 16.—The Admiralty Washington Learns Stocks Are Sufficient to Meet Immediate Needs.

TIRED OF SOLF NOTES

Repeated Messages Regarded as Effort to Excite Sentiment Among Aliens in U. S.

Washington, Nov. 16.—In the almost German appeals might make on the peo-hysterical appeals of the German Pro-visional Government for supplies of cond-visional Government for supplies of condvisional Government for supplies of food man Government has been seeking to and for permission to address itself di-rectly through a commission to the position of defender of the German peo-American public, officials here see a purpose to each te sympathy of a large element of the American population more or less connected by blood ties with German Government. It was said, undoubtedly hopes to introduce the control of the control of the war, material reductions are expected during the framing of the bility of government is established and an equipage of the control of the war, material reductions are expected during the framing of the bility of government is established and an equipage of the control of the control of the war, material reductions are expected during the framing of the bility of government is established and an equipage of the control of the war, material reductions are expected during the framing of the bility of government is established and an equipage of the control of the war, material reductions are expected during the framing of the bility of government is established and an equipage of the control of the war, material reductions are expected during the framing of the bility of government is established and an equipage of the control of the war. The form of the control of the war, material reductions are expected during the framing of the bility of government is established and an equipage of the control of the war. The form of the control of the war, material reductions are expected during the framing of the bility of government is established and an equipage of the control of the war. The form of the control of the war is the war is the would do what was possible to of the war, material reductions are expected during the framing of the control of

rivil population of the conquered States mapped out.
The Entente Powers have indersed The Germ

make dangerous neighbors, render any negotiations started with the least por satisfactory peace impossible and by sible delay, appeals to the internationalist spirit endanger the security of the Entente countries themselves.

No Immediate Need for Pood. The design of the conservative elements in the Entente States is underissues that would aggravate these con-

It is known officially that there i sufficient food in Germany to meet im-mediate needs. The Supreme War been taken over by the Government Council is planning to supply food in caused Clarence H. Mackay, president of the Postal Telegraph-Cable Company are exhausted, assuming the exercise of the Commercial Cable Company to issue a statement in which he said that.

Therefore, it is said to be quite uncommission to leave Germany imwise economy in food distribution.

Therefore, it is said to be quite unnecessary for the German government to mediately for the United States so as to

It was announced that there will be no consorship on cable massages and that an effort will be made to maintain the service at a high standard of efficiency. The order was signed, the latt none of this food to be sent from Washington despatches said, by Presi-America to Germany or Austria will be spice. In his message to Secretary of State Lansing at Washington yesterday Dr. Soif, after appealing to him to interced with Fresident Wilson to send peace delegates to The Hague as soon as possible. "In order to save the German "I cannot understand why the Governments of those countries."

Possibly that cannot be done in Germany and Countries. The cable can being now practically ended. The cable companies gold in the Reichsband has been practically ended. The cable companies tically exhausted through the heavy have rendered splendid service ever since the outbreak of the European war four colleged to make from neutral countries.

American delega, as could discuss the countries of the Germany has been purchases which Germany has been purchased through the factor of the Germany has been purchased through the factor of the Germany has been purchased through the factor of the Germany has been purchased through the factor of the Germany has been purchased through the factor of the Germany has be for which she had to pay in coin for the

Department takes over the cables as a war measure, in the face of the fact that the Navy Department has ensored all cable messages since April, to establish a German credit, but if this That situation may make it necessary alone.

Mr. Mackey attached to his statement including as it does same and conserva-

of food, but sufficient to avert famine at east the new Government can be as sured of more permanency than marked the advent of the first revolutionary or Mylukoff Government in Russia.

PLEA OF GERMANY REFERRED TO ALLIES

Lansing Objects to Appeal to President Alone.

Specia Despatch to THE SCH.

terms of the armistice, sent through the Swiss Minister, follows: Sin: I should be gratified if you would be good enough to convey the following communication to the Secretary of Foreign Affairs of the Ger-

man Government: The Government The Government of the United States has received the radio messages addressed to the President of the United States by the German Govern-ment relative to relief from certain requirements imposed in the armistics

armistice with the German Govern-

The communications which have

Chauffeurs' Outfits

Special at

\$75

Suit, Overcoat and Cap to

Match With good fabrics scarcer

than ever, there is now

but one Royal road to

Economy in Motor Ap-

parel, and that is Qual-

ity. In this Chauffeur's

outfit, consisting of suit, overcoat and cap of fine

dark grey, all wool whipcord, we offer consider-

ing conditions, an outfit which is remarkable for

both quality and value.

The outfit complete

Overcoat \$38

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY AT 49th ST.

\$75.00, or as follows:

been received will be forthwith com-municated to the other Governments with which the Government of the United States is associated and also to the Supreme War Council in Paris.

The Government of the United
States takes this opportunity to surgest to the German Government that communications of this nature which pertain to the terms of the armistics or to matters in which all the associated Governments are interested should be sent to all the Governments and not addressed alone to the Presi-

dent or Government of the United The Government of the United States also desires to call the atten-tion of the German Government to the tion of the German Government fact that those communications be presented through established lomatic channels rather than by direct

radio communication.
This Government's object in suggest ing that Germany deal with all G nts associated with the United States in the war is primarily to snuff our any unfavorable impression the frequent

nuence the approaching peace conference toward leniency.

Such appeals as those which have been sent by wireless by Dr. Soif, German Foreign Secretary, to Secretary and not likely to have any bene. In Garman regarding food conditions ficial results. been sent by wireless by Dr. Solf, German Forelin Secretary, to Secretary
Lansing, were said to be duite unneceszary and not likely to have any beneficial results. President Wilson already has promised to do everything
possible to prevent suffering among the

The German appeal to hurry the this attitude, not so much from consid-erations of mercy or sympathy with the situation, although the Government foe as from a genuine conviction that a starving and desperate people would Governments are desirous of getting

SOLF WANTS HOOVER TO HELP GERMANY

Sends Another Appeal to U.S. for Food Supplies.

BERLIN, Nov. 16 .- (By wireless to "except for the last few days." the necessary for the German government to cables have been worked to their full send the proposed commission to the capselty "and Government operation United States to arrange for the purcannot increase that capacity nor make chase of food. Mr. Hoover and the agencies behind him will attend to all of the measure to Secretary of State.

agencies beautiful agencies beautiful and the states any cheaper."

It was announced that there will be that.

To correct what appears to be a genLansing at Washington yesterday Dr.

Solf, after appealing to him to intercede

Solf, after appealing to him to intercede and Wilson on November 2.
"I cannot understand why the Govrement takes over the cables as a war
governments of those countries.

Possibly that cannot be done in Ger
Honger the America and the Herbert C.
Honger the America and Possibly that cannot be done in Ger
Honger the America and Possibly that cannot be done in Ger

with the pienipotentiaries of the Ger-man people the details of how the magnanimous help of America could save in time our fatherland from the worst. Perhaps the matter could be put in the tried hands of Mr. Hoover, who has rendered such great services

The acceptance of the oppressive armistice conditions, the necessity of supplying from scanty provisions the armies that are streaming back from the front, the cossation of navigation In the North Sea and the Baltic by the continuance of the blockade, which imperils our provision supply, and the disturbed conditions in the East make the situation in our country daily more unbearable. The peril can be avoided only by the most speedy

BRITISH DELEGATE PICKED.

teported, has been named as one of the tritish delegation to the peace confer-

He organized the secretarial force of the 1912 peace congress between Tur-key and the Baikan States.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 -The text of GERMANS APPEAL TO THE POPE Secretary Lansing's reply to the Ger-man note asking for modifications in the Urge Pontiff to Get the Terms of

Armistice Modified. Lendon, Nov. 16.—German Catholics are appealing to Pope Benedict against the heavy burdens of the armistics condiffens, according to a wireless despatch to-day from Berlin. Their manifesto says that Insistence "upon the cruel armistice conditions" must throw the German people in the direst need, and

continues: "The demand for the surrender of ment relative to relief from certain requirements imposed in the armistice railway material which is indispensable with the Ottoman Government and the to us prevents us from carrying out the traille necessary for victualling the peo-ple who for four years have been stary-

HEAVY CUTS LIKELY IN BIG NAVY BILL

Work Starts Tuesday on \$2,-441,900.000 Measure Based on War.

WANT 156 NEW SHIPS

New Three Year Building Programme Calls for Ten Superdreadnoughts.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 .- Estimates of the Navy Department for the 1920 naval appropriation bill, as submited to Congress and announced to-day, call for \$3,441,900,000, but as they were pre-

fiscal year ending next June 39 amounted to about \$1.720.000,000, all of which except \$125,000,000 provided by a recent deficiency measure, was carried by the regular 1919 appropriation bill.

Besides calling for a new three year building programme of 156 vessels including ten supervireadnoughts, six bat-tle cruisers and 140 smaller craft, as previously announced by Secretary Danicis, the estimates include appropria-tions of \$233,885,000 for completing the first three year programme. The new building programme contemplates ex-penditure of \$600,000,000, one-taird of that amount being appropriated each

An emergency fund of \$175,000,000 to be spent at the direction of the Presi-dent, in expediting delivery of material and munitions and completion of new ships, also is contained in the estimates. The cost of the Marine Corps is estimated at \$155.286.990, an increase about \$12,000,000 over the last appr priation. Other big items of the esti

ration. Other big items of the esti-nates include: Pay of the navy, \$579,946,971; avia-ion, \$225,000,000; animunition, \$125. tion, \$225,000,000; animunition, \$125,000,000; new ship batteries, \$115,000,000; fuel, \$28,000,000; repair of vessels, \$75,000,000; ordnance and ordnance stores, \$75,000,000; reserve ordnance \$77,600,600; medical departnt, \$15.200,000,

navy yards and stations. An appropria-tion of \$2,500,000 is asked for buying and developing land at the New York yard, while \$5,150,000 is asked for comyard, while \$5,150,000 is asked for com-pleting the dry dock, building new shops ture to-day for Europe, left definite orand a power plant at the Philadelphia ders to rush all arrangements for this Improvements on the waterfront, new

shops and other work at Norfolk would cost \$2,300,000, while work at the Hamp-ton Roads operating base would cost \$3,000,000. At the Key West naval stayard would cost \$1,860,000, and imement work at the Puget Sound yard,

MULHAUSEN IN REVOLT.

Keep Order.

Pants, Nov. 16 -- A German airplane arrived yesterday morning at the French lines bearing an urgent message from the Mayor of Mulhausen asking that a French regiment be sent there to main talu order

The population, full of enthusiasm, has risen against the Germans, who are retiring in the utmost disorder, accord ing to the Scho de Poris. TORPEDOING OF SHIP DENIED.

German Tenining Vessel Schlesten Not Lost. 16.-The semi-offi-

sailors' revolt broke out there

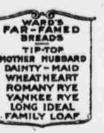
Like Bread You Knew Before the War

Food Administration restrictions are now removed.

WARD'S MOTHER HUBBARD BREAD

is now made with wheat flour only-no substitutes. Has that fine wheat flavor you have longed to taste again. Creamy white-fine texture-splendid flavor-in every way an old fashioned quality Ward loaf. Wrapped by machine at the ovens. Comes to your table fresh and clean.

BUY IT FROM YOUR NEIGHBORHOOD DEALER



The Many Kinds of WARD'S BREAD and CAKES Offer

a Choice for Every Taste, Every Meal or Occasion



VOLUNTEERS CALLED TO BRING ARMY HOME FRANCE \$70,000,000.000 Shipping Board Asks 5,000 to

Enlist for Task.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 .- Arrangements Board announced to-day, in issuing a paper apportions the debt as follows Improvements are planned at several call for 5.000 volunteers to man the ships that will be used for that pur-

work. The War Department transport service, it was said, is cooperating fully with the Shipping Board. Plans have been formulated whereby the Shipping Board will furnish crews for the War Department transports. Each month, it was said, 400 men will be required as tion \$2,525,600 would be spent building was said, 400 men will be required as a waterworks system and submarine firemen and other hundreds for ratings base. Shops at the Mare Island, Cal. as sailors, stewards, cooks and coal

Men between 18 and 25 will be ac cepted under the call issued to-day without regard for their draft rating or previous experience, and will be put about training ships at Boston, San Francisco, Seattle, New Orleans and Cleveland for six weeks special training. Opportunity will be afforded those who enlist in this service to remain perma-nently in the merchant marine after peace has been signed and the entire army returned to the States.

RICH GERMANS SHIRK PENALTY seeking to Shift Costs of War On to Poorer Classes.

LONDON, Nov. 16 .- British newspapers Lordon, Nov. 18.—British newspapers by common on the anxiety displayed by the German capitalist classes in efforts worker. He was badly gassed at to evade the war charges. The wealthier advised him not to return to the Germans are said to be transferring large amounts of money to neutral coun-The result of this policy, it is cial Wolff Bureau of Berlin denies that stated, would be to shift the burdens of the German training ship Schlesien has the war on to the shoulders of the poorer

Classes.
The Times and other London papers Be in Peace Conference.

A despatch from Amsterdam dated
By the Associated Press.

Tokto, Nov. 16—H. C. Norman, counellor of the British Embassy here, it is
sported, has been named as one of the
tritish delegation to the peace confernce.

A despatch from Amsterdam dated
declare that the allied Governments will
not allow this chicanery to interfere
with the rightful demands upon German
resources. This is said to be realized
by inancters in neutral countries, who
warship had fied from Kiel when the
look upon the manneauves of the German
configuration. capitalists with suspicion

GERMANY'S DEBT TO

"Matin's" Estimate Based on Reparation, Not Indemnity.

for bringing home the troops in France France is estimated at 240,000,000,000 are being worked out rapidly from a france (nearly \$70,000,000,000) by the ablipping point of view, the Shipping Matin in an editorial to-day. The news-

Return of the indemnity of 1871
with interest
Expenses in present war
Pensions
Reparation for damages The Matin declares that France was obtain acknowledgment of the debt he fore examining the way in which it is to

be paid. France wants no indemnity profit, but all Frenchmen want lawful reparaton. Germany and Austria, it adds, should return to the Ailles a minimum of 7,000,000 tons of shipping in payment for that destroyed in the war, but they have at their disposal only 2,000,000 tons. (sequently the delivery of the su German-Austria merchant marine would constitute only half reparation

KILLED LAST DAY OF FIGHTING

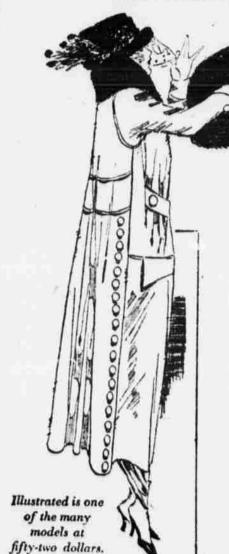
Y. M. C. A. Worker Who Volumteered in Sedan Drive Was Hit by Shell.

Paris, Nov. 16 .- Harry B. Gibson, an American Y. M. C. A. worker of Ava.c. Pa., near Pittsburg, was killed not sedan last Monday, the last day fighting. He had volunteered to wo in an advanced first aid station. A sec burst near by and Gibson was kill.
Mr. Gibson had served with the
Division for a year as an active illed by shells, gas or hombs dis

Sulzer 7 Votes Ahead in Alaska. JUNEAU, Alaska, Nov. 16 .- Add returns to-day from the election vember 5 have put Charles A. remocrat and incumbent, in over James Wickersham, Republica-Delegate to Congress

Franklin Simon's Co.

Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets





Unusual Sale MONDAY

WOMEN'S

High Class Coats and Wrap-Coats

Fur Trimmed or Without Fur

52.00

Values from \$75.00 to \$89.50

COATS and Wrap-Coats, fur trimmed or without fur, of duvetyn wool velour, crystal cord, peluchia cloth, genuine Bolivia, silvertone or duvet de laine.

WOMEN'S COAT SHOP Fourth Floor